



PRAKTIK 1

*Pelatihan
MBI DKI Jakarta
Sesi 1
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DUDUK & JALAN

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MEDITASI V.S. REVOLUSI TEKNOLOGI

Slow down v.s. Speed Up

THE POWER OF HABIT

(SKT: VĀSANĀ, TIB: ວາສັນາ)

MAKNA HABIT

.....

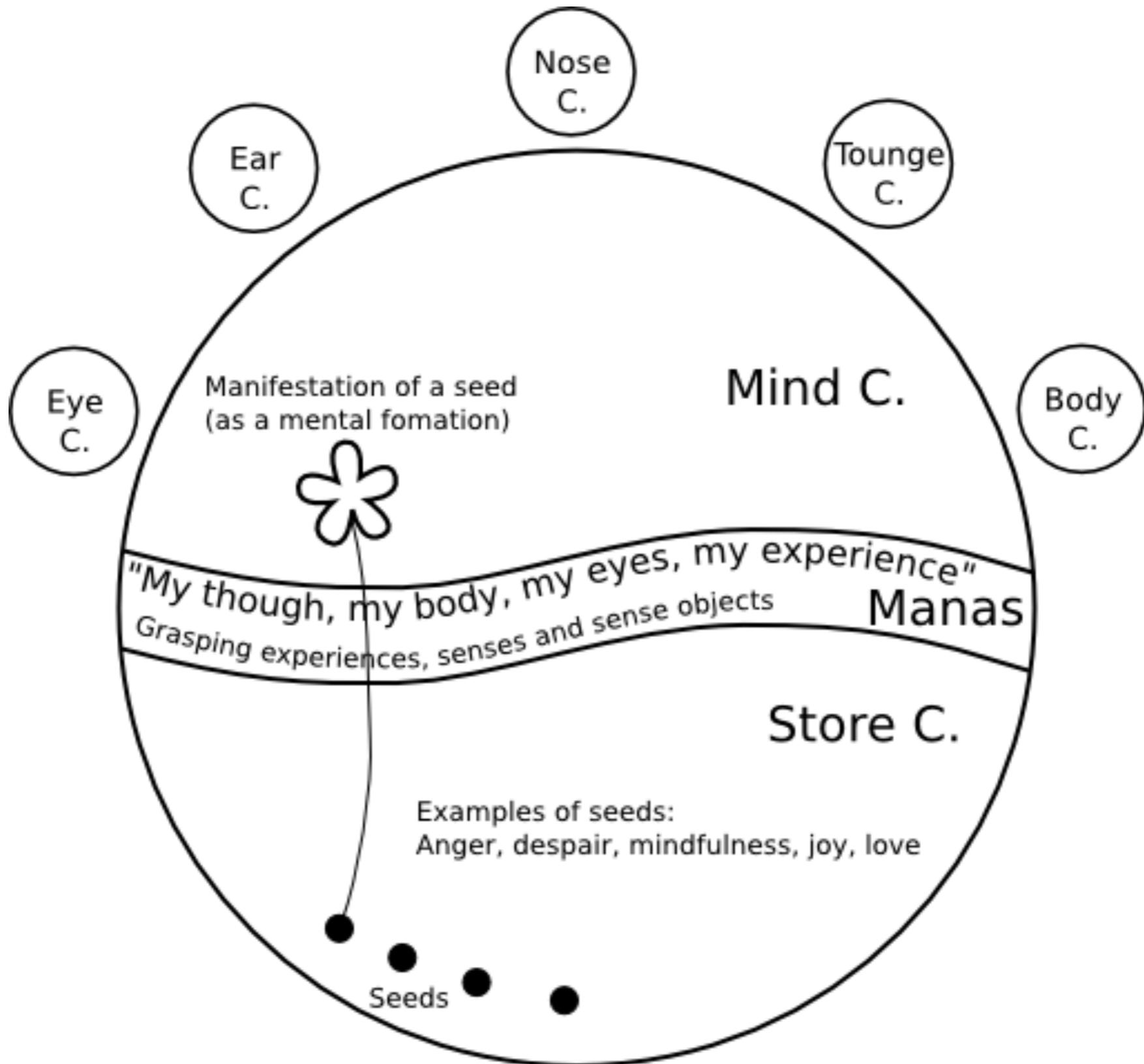


HABITS
OF
MIND

- Jejak yang terbentuk di masa lalu, memberi pengaruh di masa sekarang, dan terus berubah
- Kesan yang tersisa di memori
- Kecenderungan sikap, pola, jejak karma yang dibentuk oleh pengulangan

HABIT = BIJI

(SKT: BĪJA, CH: 種子)



“

Perbuatan, ucapan, dan pikiran memberi pengaruh kepada koneksi neuron dalam otak

“

Jadikan meditasi sebagai habit baru untuk mempengaruhi cara kita merespon *fenomena internal* dan *eksternal*.

REWIRING THE BRAIN

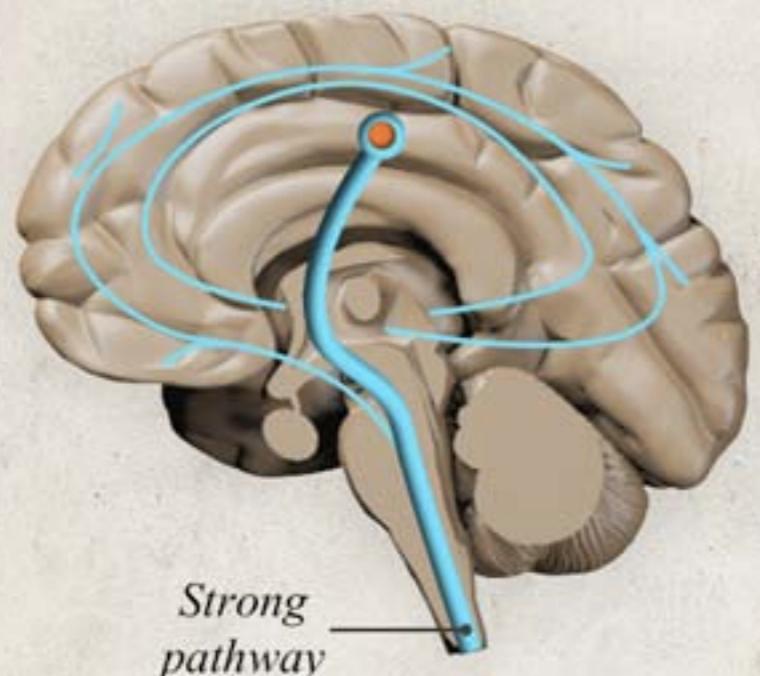
Previously, scientists thought that the brain's structure was hard-wired and immutable. Brain-damaged patients rarely made full recoveries and the living brain's microscopic activities were unobservable. The widely held belief was that the brain was a machine: machines are capable of many things, but they do not change and grow.

New research has taught us that **the brain is actually plastic, it is able to change based on experiences.** Even in old age, the adult brain retains neuroplasticity and is able to change its structure and function. It turns out you can teach an old dog new tricks!

PATHWAYS & NEUROPLASTICITY

Pathways

Neural pathways **connect relatively distant areas of the brain or nervous system**, each pathway is associated with a particular action or behavior.



Every time we think, feel or do something, **we strengthen this pathway. Habits are well travelled pathways** – our brain finds these things easy to do.

Neuroplasticity

New thoughts and skills **carve out new pathways**.



Repetition and practice **strengthen these pathways**, forming new habits.

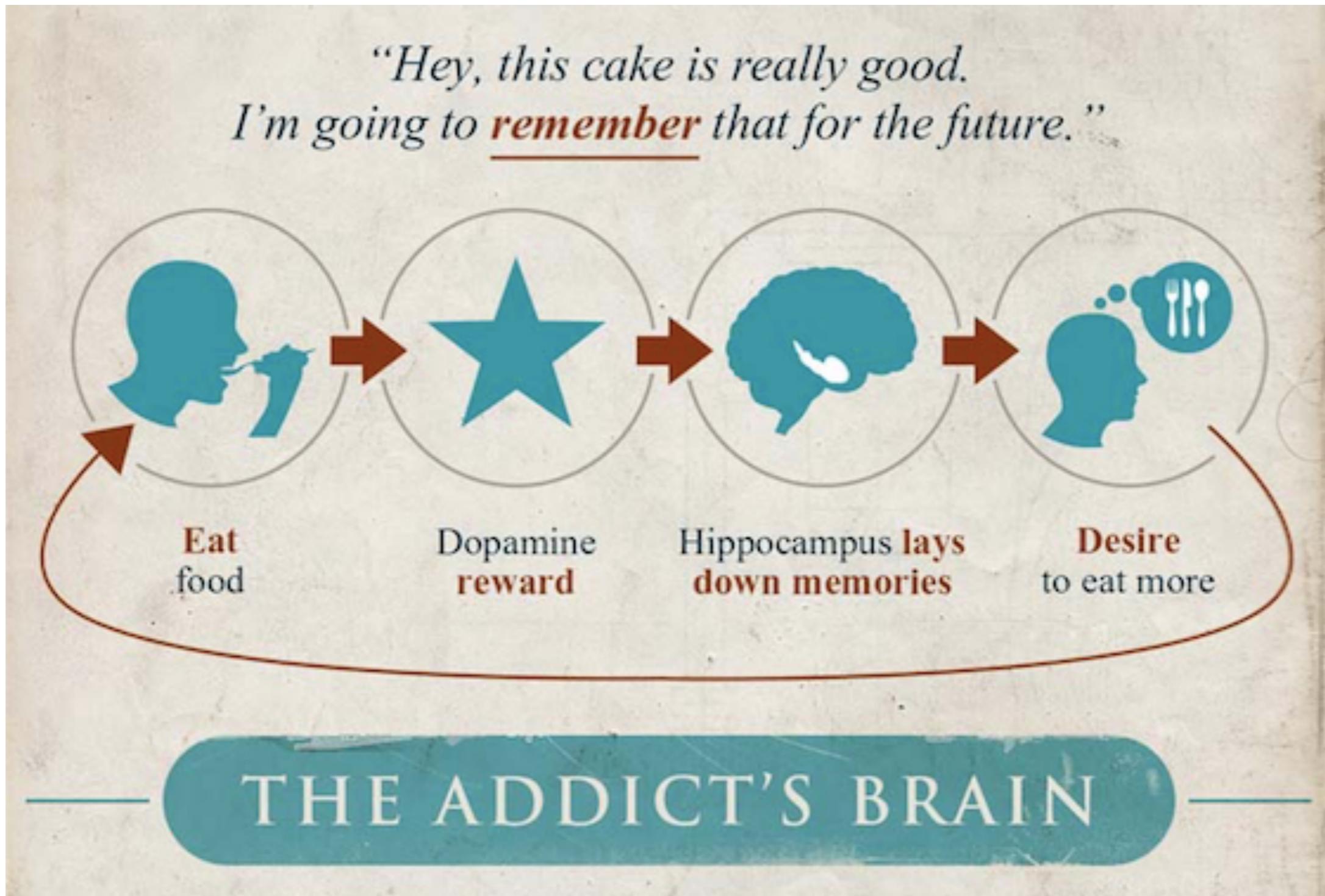


Old pathways **get used less and weaken**.



With **repeated and direct attention** towards a desired change, we all have the ability to **rewire our brains**.

THE ADDICT'S BRAIN



HABITS & TRIGGERS

HABITS & TRIGGERS



"Habits play an important role in our health. Understanding the biology of how we develop routines that may be harmful to us, and how to break those routines and embrace new ones, could help us change our lifestyles and adopt healthier behaviors."

Dr. Nora Volkow - National Institute of Health

Recognize and avoid triggers:



Environmental triggers

*Places, locations,
smells, sounds*



Social triggers

*Family, friends,
other users*

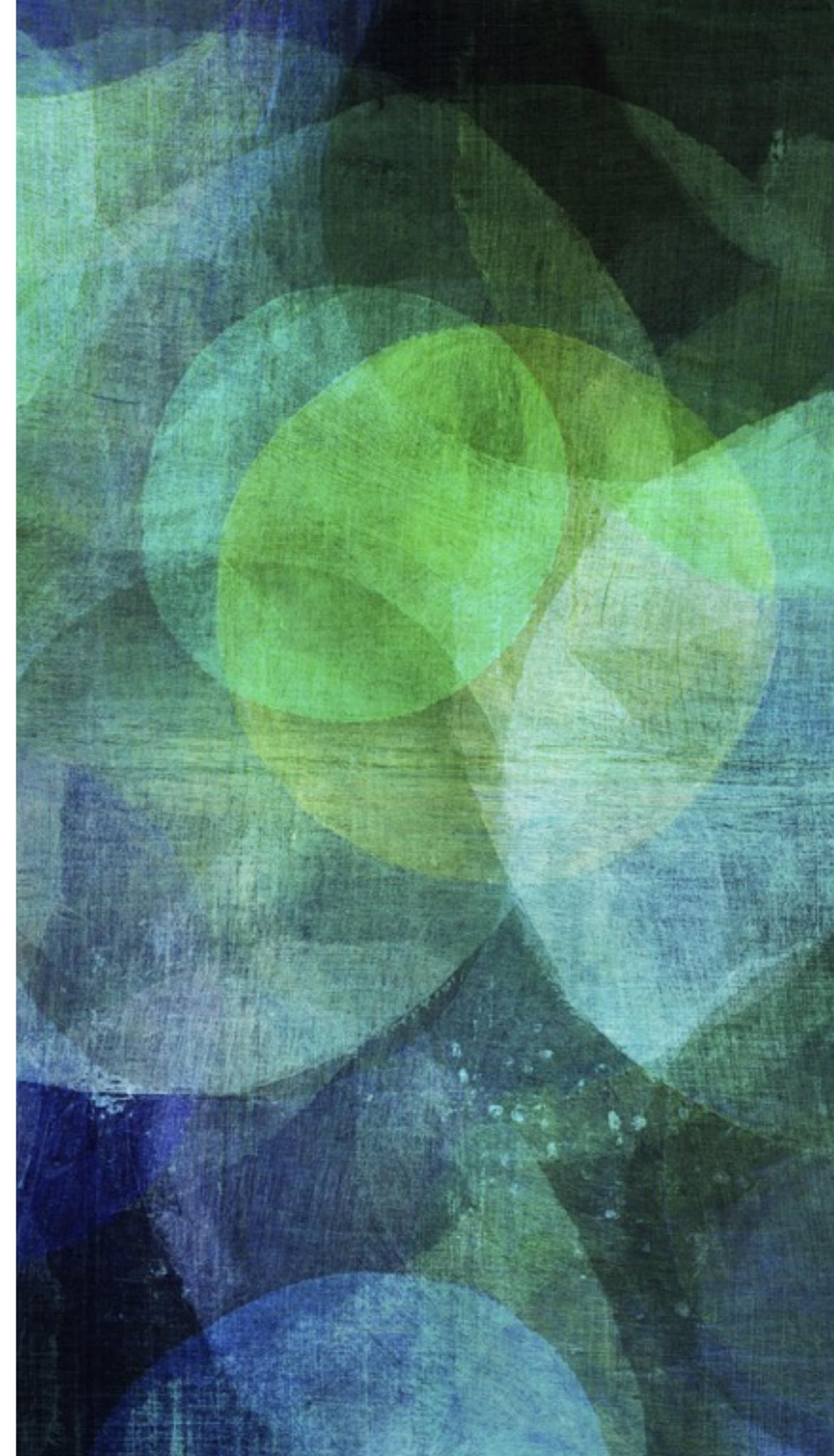


Emotional triggers

*Depression, stress,
exhaustion, frustration,
anger, anxiety, loneliness*

SAMATHA & VIPASYANA

Meditasi Buddhis

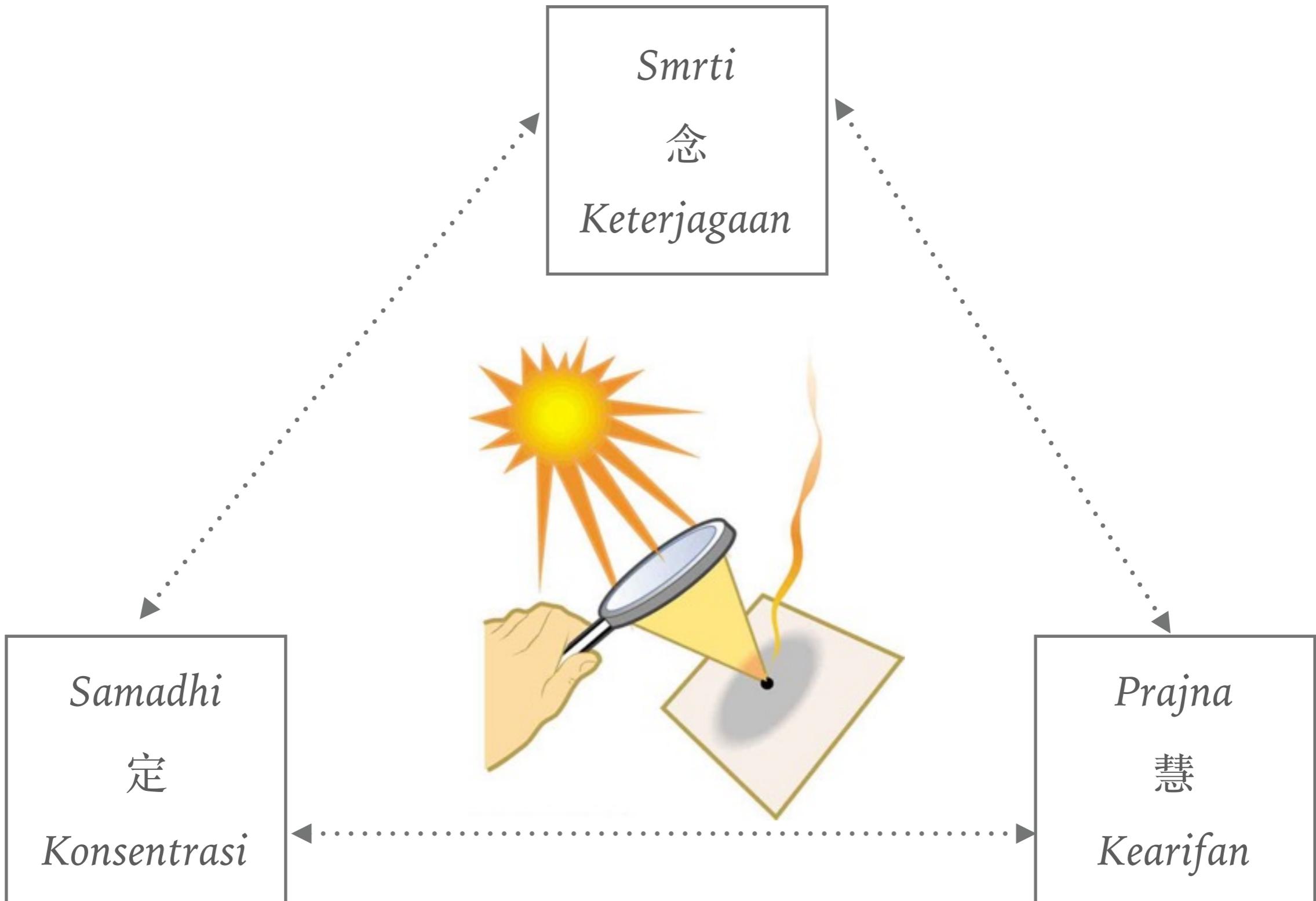


SAMATHA = BERHENTI



Kapan Istirahat mental dan fisik?

TIGA ELEMEN PENTING



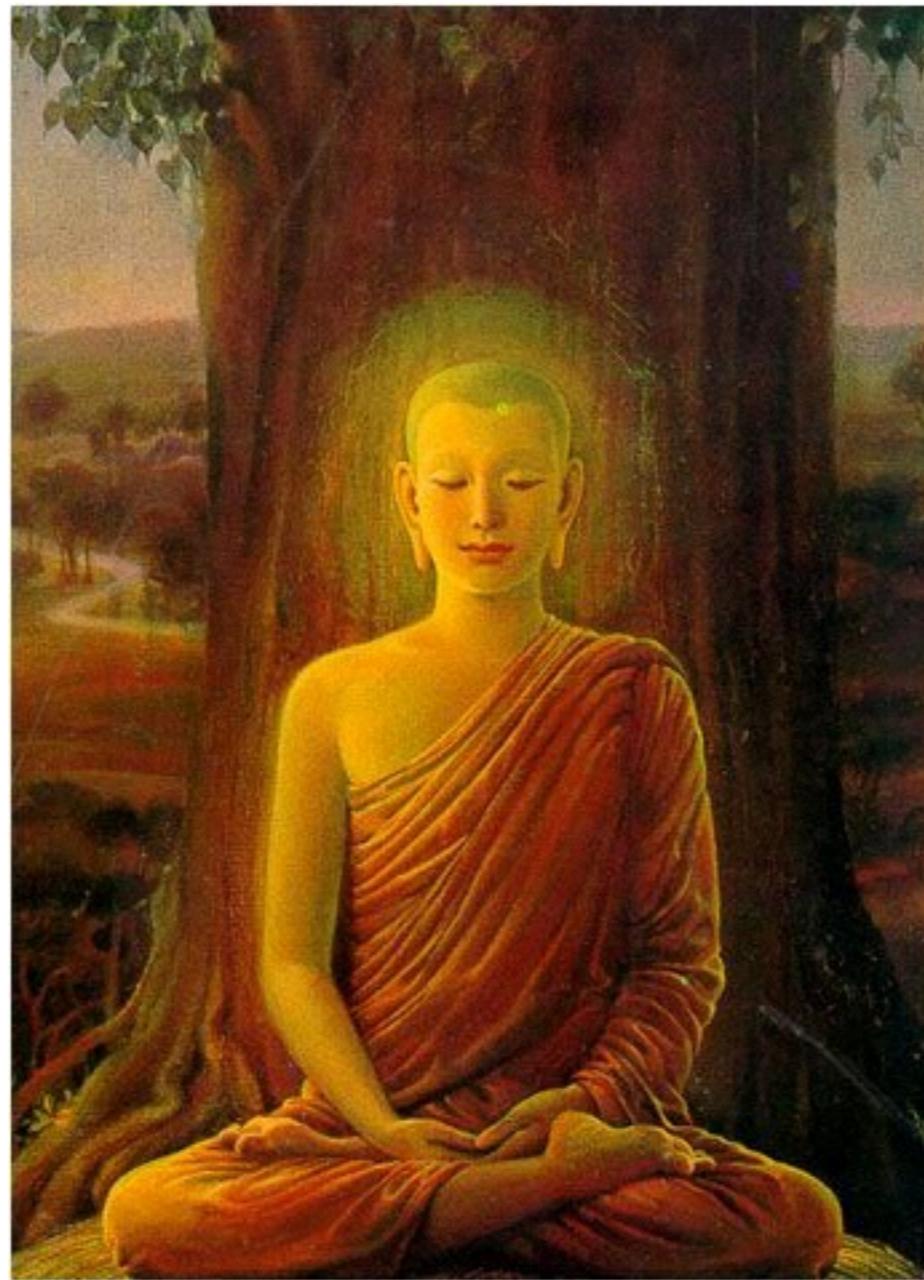


DON'T TRY
TO RUSH THINGS
THAT NEED TIME
TO GROW.

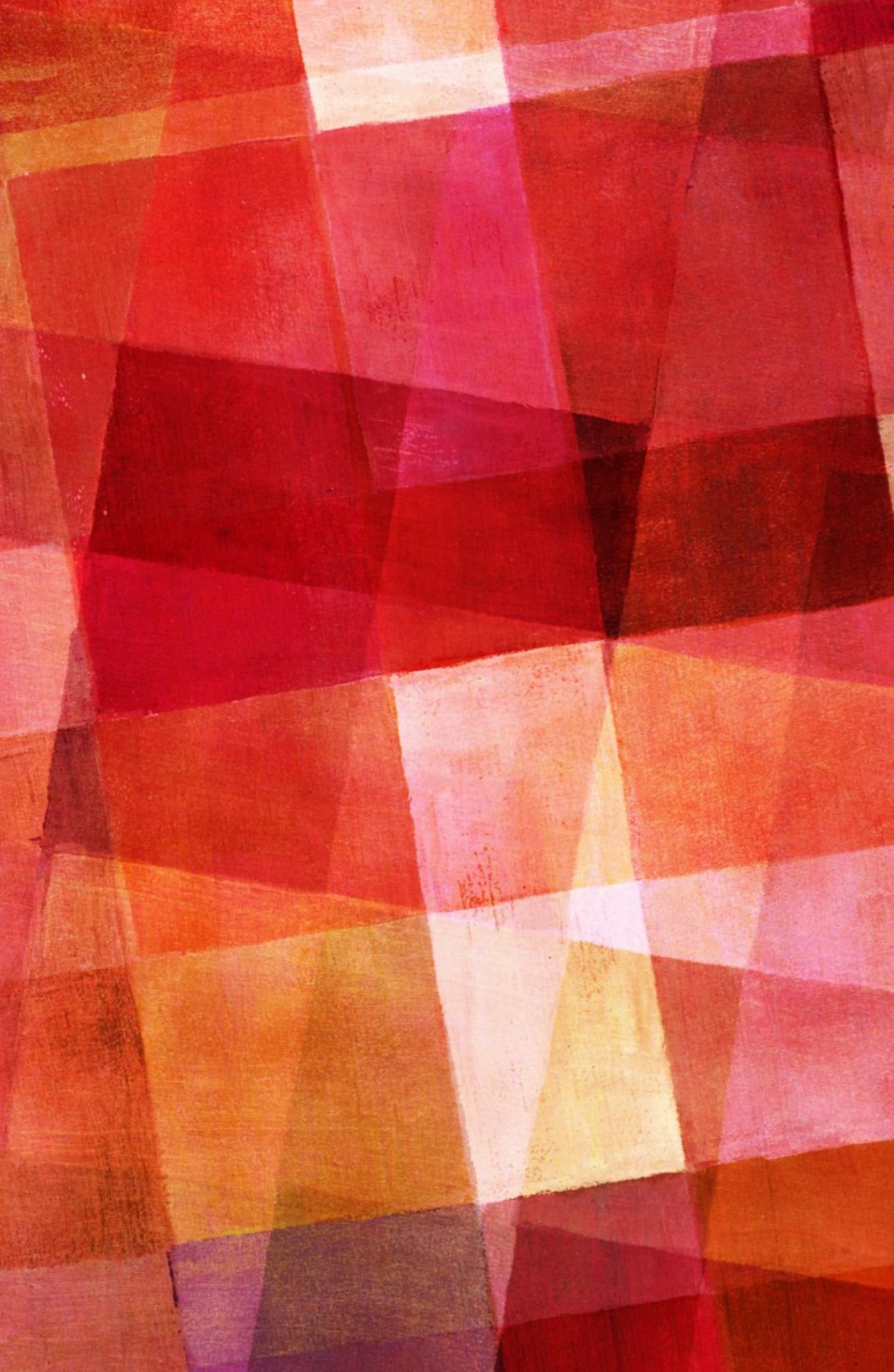
SATIPATTHANA

- Duduk
- Jalan
- Berdiri
- Berbaring

- Bernapas
- Makan - Minum
- Berbicara - Mendengar
- Bekerja
- Aktivitas Lain



MEDITASI DUDUK



BEBERAPA SARAN

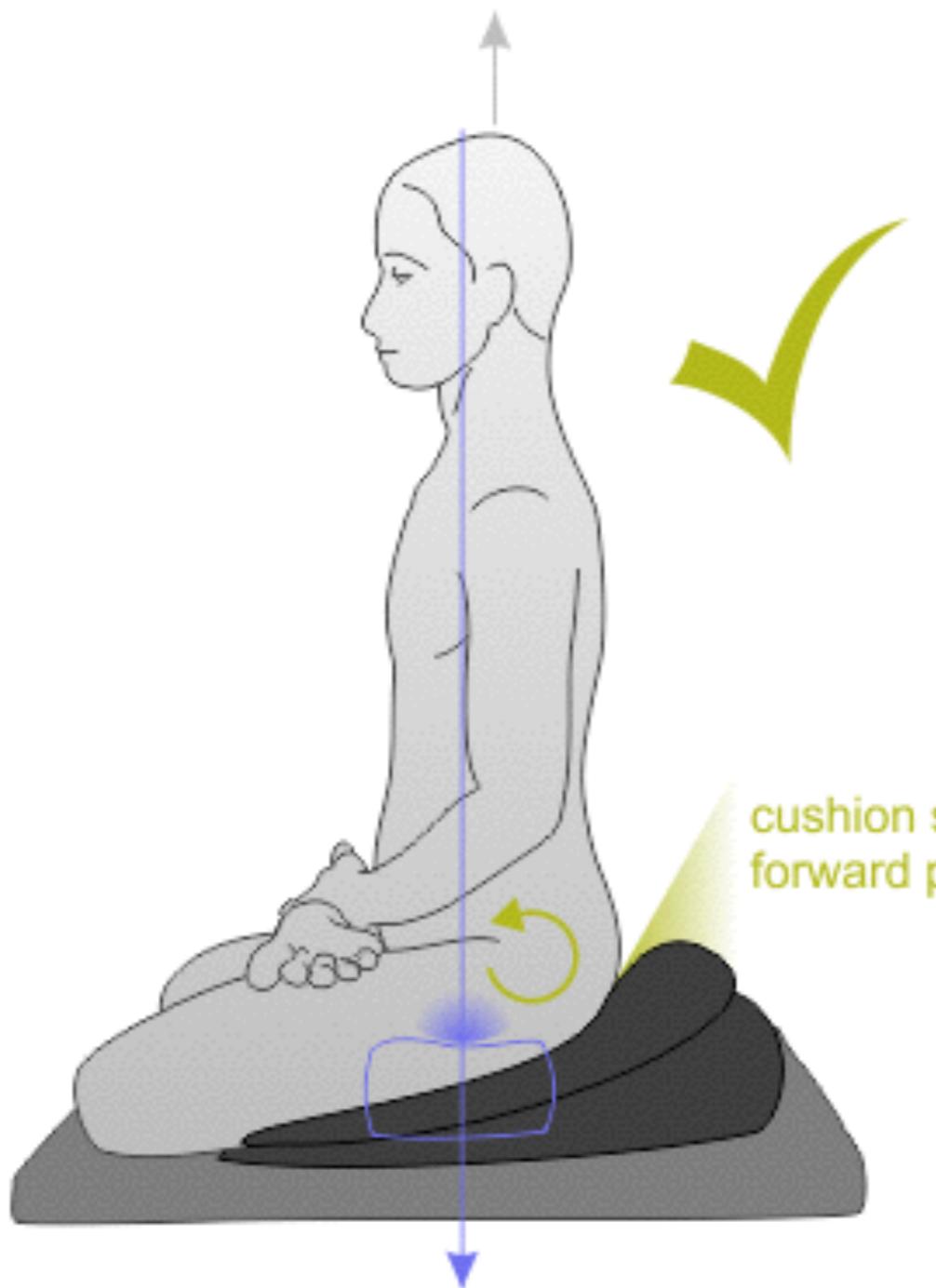
- Tempat Khusus
- Perlengkapan (matras, bantal/ganjaran, jam, dll)
- Lakukan secara rutin (minimal 10 menit atau lebih)
- Waktu tepat: Pagi Hari, alternatif lain siang atau malam
- Relaks dan Senyum

POSTUR TUBUH

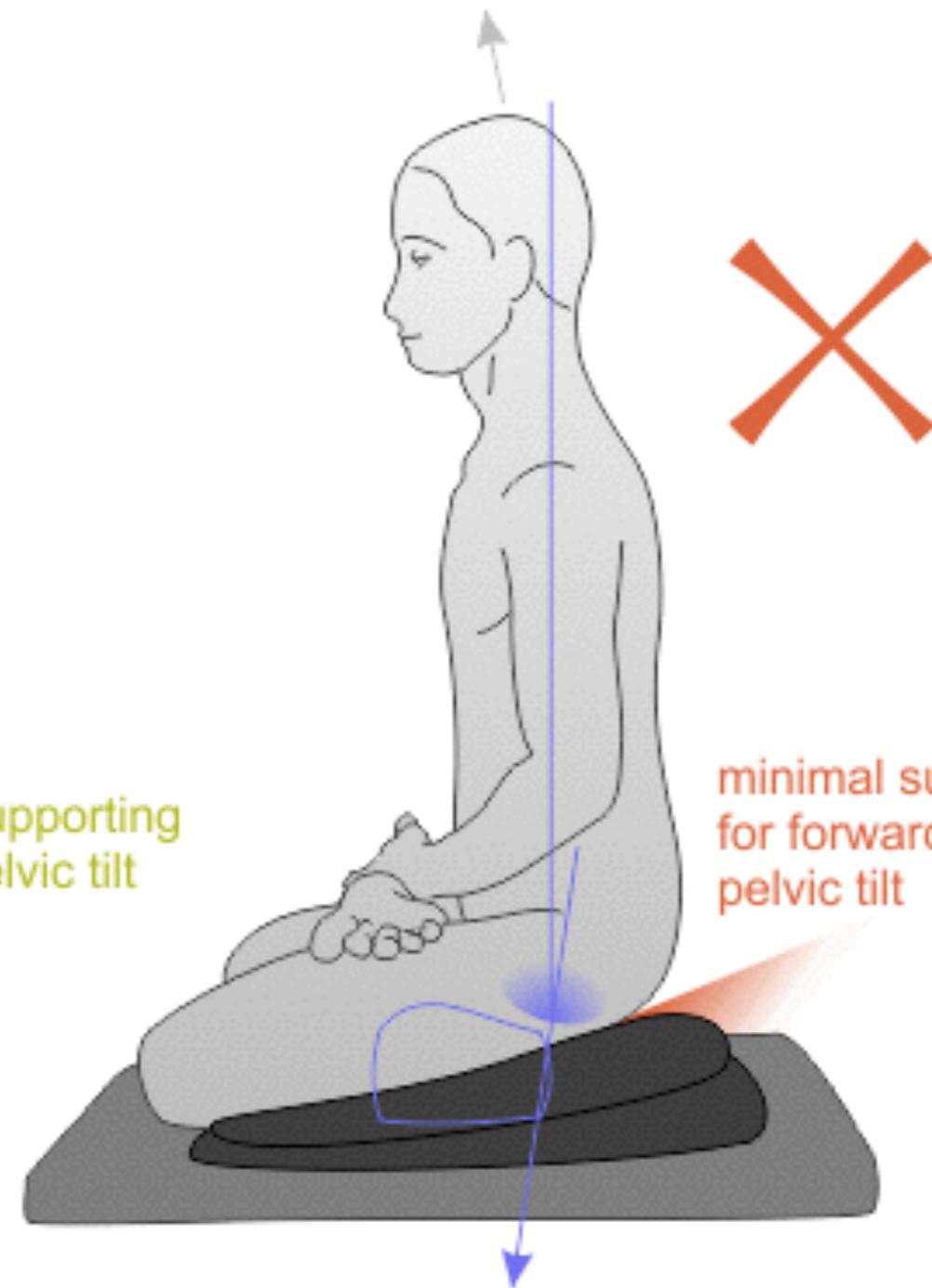


- Kaki
- Punggung
- Tangan (Mudra)
- Bahu
- Leher
- Kepala
- Mata
- Lidah

POSTUR DUDUK DI LANTAI

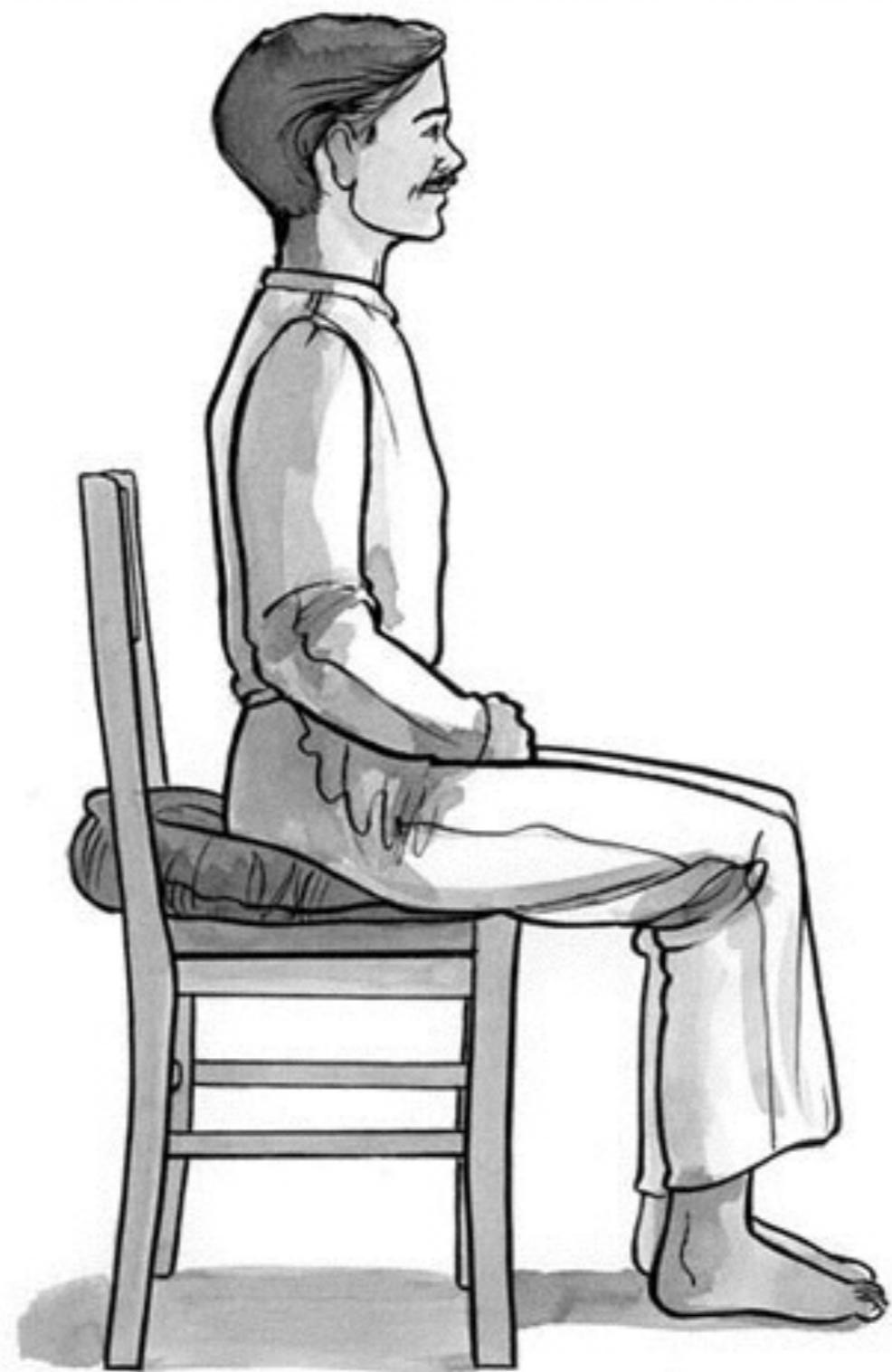


cushion supporting
forward pelvic tilt



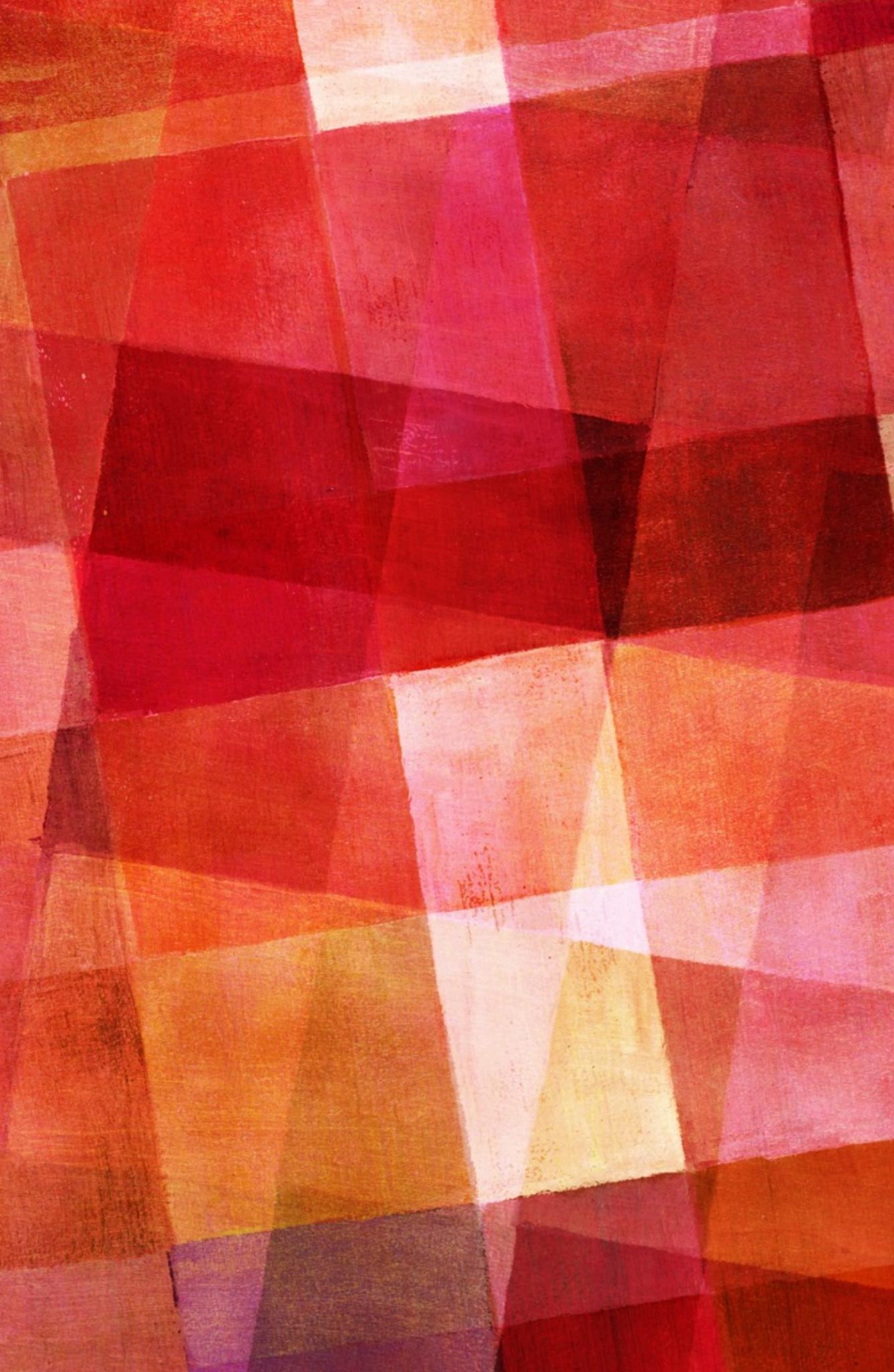
minimal support
for forward
pelvic tilt

POSTUR DUDUK DI KURSI



METODE MEDITASI

- 16 Langkah dalam Anapanasati
 1. Napas masuk/keluar
 2. Mengikuti napas masuk/keluar
 3. Menyadari badan jasmani
 4. Relaksasi badan jasmani
- Hitung napas
- Pemindaian tubuh (*Body scanning*)
- Mendengar suara sekeliling
- Guided Sitting Meditation



NASIHAT TAMBAHAN

- Kembalikan pikiran dengan kelembutan ketika ketahanan sedang berkelana atau melompat acak
- Jangan memarahi pikiran
- Jangan mencoba mengosongkan pikiran
- Ingat relaks dan senyum ketika Anda duduk di manapun
- Cari komunitas

VIPASYANA = MENATAP LEBIH DALAM



MENATAP DALAM APA?

.....

- Dunia Internal
 - Pikiran
 - Perasaan
 - Persepsi
 - Bentuk-bentuk pikiran
 - Organ tubuh
 - Otot
 - Detak jantung
 - dll



MENATAP DALAM APA?

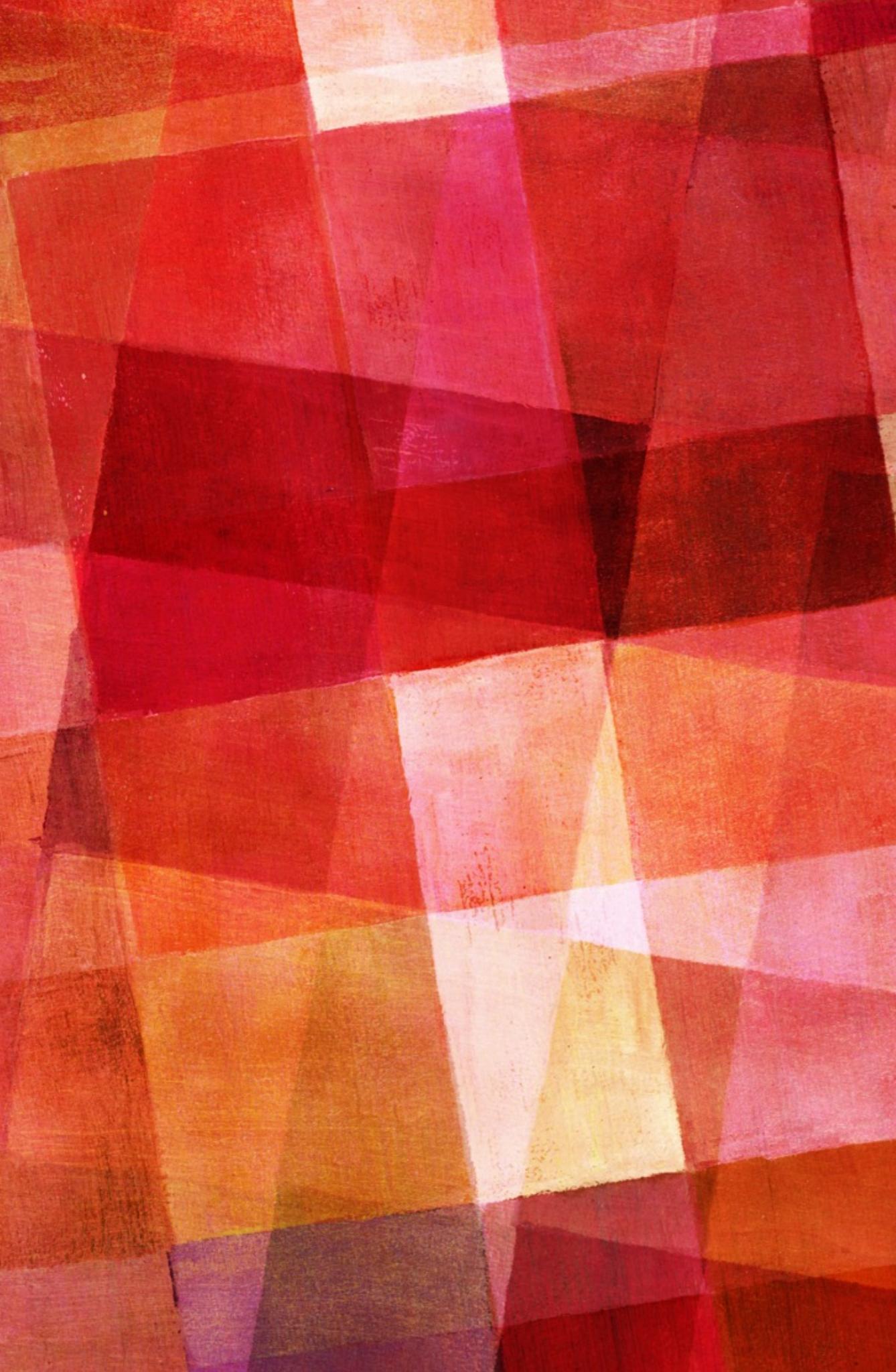
- Dunia Eksternal
 - Keluarga
 - Teman
 - Tetangga
 - Lingkungan kerja
 - Wihara
 - Hutan
 - Taman
 - dll

AUTOMATIC V.S. MANUAL





MEDITASI JALAN



BEBERAPA SARAN

- Praktik di tempat yang memungkinkan (Rumah, taman, hutan, kompleks perumahan, dll)
- Tatapan mata
- Dengarkan (Suara, derap langkah, hujan, dll)
- Aroma
- Rasakan (kontak kaki dengan bumi, lantai, bebatuan, hembusan angin, hangatnya matahari, dll)
- Pikiran

TUGAS HARIAN

- Meditasi duduk minimal 15 menit (teknik napas)
- Meditasi jalan pelan (relaks badan, menyadari sentuhan kaki dan lantai, boleh coba satu langkah satu napas): Jalan di taman, naik tangga, dll
- Tuliskan laporan pengalaman praktik setiap hari (dikumpulkan pada akhir pertemuan).
- Download form catatan harian meditasi di
<http://nyanabhadra.org/mbi-dki/>



THANK YOU!